

Erratum to “Theoretical Study of the Reaction of (2, 2)-Dichloro (Ethyl) Arylphosphine with Bis (2, 2)-Dichloro (Ethyl) Arylphosphine by Hydrophosphination Regioselective by the DFT Method” [Computational Chemistry 5 (2017) 113-128]

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The original online version of this article (Kouadio Valery Bohoussou¹, Anoubilé Benié², Mamadou Guy-Richard Koné¹, Affi Baudelaire Kakou², Kafoumba Bamba¹, Nahossé Ziao¹) Theoretical Study of the Reaction of (2, 2)-Dichloro (Ethyl) Arylphosphine with Bis (2, 2)-Dichloro (Ethyl) Arylphosphine by Hydrophosphination Regio selective by the DFT Method. Computational Chemistry 5 (2017) 113-128. DOI: 10.4236/cc.2017.53010) unfortunately contains a mistake. The author wishes to correct the errors from **Table 3** to **Table 4**, on page 121 and the beginning of page 122.

On analysis of the values in **Table 3**, phosphines 1a and 1b have the highest values of the local nucleophilic indices N_k . Similarly, the carbon C_1 of the compound R_2 has the highest value of the local electrophilic index (ω_k). This shows that the most favored interaction takes place between the P_1 atom of the compound 1a and the C_1 atom of the compound R_2 for the first reaction, and between the P_2 and C_1 atoms for the second reaction. Therefore, the formation of experimentally observed P_1-C_1 and P_2-C_1 bonds are correctly predicted by the Domingo model with the Mulliken and NPA approaches.

Table 3. Local reactivity descriptors on the P₁, P₂, C₁ and C₂ atoms of reactants 1a, 1b and R₂ using NPA and Mulliken population analyzes at B3LYP/6-311 + G (d, p).

		1a	1b	R₂	
Atomes		P₁	P₂	C₁	C₂
Mulliken	f_k^+			0.352	-0.245
	f_k^-	0.358	0.218		
	ω_k			0.4872	-0.339
	N_k	0.904	0.598		
NPA	f_k^+			0.358	0
	f_k^-	0.092	0.313		
	ω_k			0.4880	0.208
	N_k	0.252	0.858		

3.3.2. Prediction Using the Gazquez-Mendez Model

The prediction according to the Gazquez-Mendez model presents values of the Fukui function (f_k^+ , f_k^-), local softness S_k^+ for reactants R₂ and local softness S_k^- for reactants 1a or 1b. These values of the local descriptors on the atoms P₁, P₂, C₁ and C₂ of the reactants 1a, 1b and R₂ were calculated according to the Gazquez-Mendez model with the NPA population analyzes and MK at the B3LYP 6-311+G level (d, p) are given in **Table 4**. f_k^+ , f_k^-), local softness k S+ for reactants R₂ and local softness k S—for reactants 1a or 1b. These values of the local descriptors on the atoms P₁, P₂, C₁ and C₂ of the reactants 1a, 1b and R₂ were calculated according to the Gazquez-Mendez model with the NPA population analyzes and MK at the B3LYP 6-311+G level (d, p) are given in **Table 4**. Examination of the values in **Table 4** indicates that the phosphines 1a, and dichloroethylene R₂ have similar values of local softnesses (S_k^+ , S_k^-) by the approach of Mulliken. This observation shows that the most favored interaction takes place between the P₁ atom of the compound 1a and the C₁ atom of the dichloroethylene.

Table 4. Values of Fukui Functions (f_k^+ , f_k^-), local softnesses, S_k^+ for reactants R₂ and local softness, S_k^- for reactants 1a and 1b calculated by NPA, MK.

Réactants		1a	1b	R₂	
Atomes		P₁	P₂	C₁	C₂
Mulliken	f_k^+			0.352	-0.245
	f_k^-	0.358	0.218		
	S_k^+			0.052	-0.036
	S_k^-	0.060	0.040		
NPA	f_k^+			0.358	0
	f_k^-	0.092	0.121		
	S_k^+			0.053	0.000
	S_k^-	0.015	0.021		

That the most favored interaction takes place between the P₁ atom of the compound 1a and the C₁ atom of the dichloroethylene for the first reaction and the P₂ atom of the compound 1b and the C₁ atom of the dichloroethylene for the second reaction.